Indicator 43

Postsecondary Expenses

In academic year 2009–10, instruction was the largest per full-time-equivalent (FTE) student expense at public (\$7,239) and private nonprofit institutions (\$15,321). At private for-profit institutions, instruction was the second largest expense category, at \$3,017 per student.

This indicator examines general patterns in expenses of postsecondary degree-granting institutions. Only some financial data may be comparable across institutions by control categories (i.e., between public, private nonprofit, and private for-profit institutions) because of differences in accounting procedures. In addition, comparisons by institutional level (i.e., between 2-year and 4-year institutions) may also be limited because of different institutional control.

In academic year 2009–10, total expenses were \$287 billion at public institutions, \$148 billion at private nonprofit institutions, and \$20 billion at private for-profit institutions (see table A-43-1). At public and private nonprofit institutions, instruction was the largest expense category (at 27 and 33 percent, respectively). At private for-profit institutions, instruction constituted 24 percent of total expenses but student services and academic and institutional support (a category which covers a wide range of costs) was the largest category at 66 percent. Other relatively large categories at public institutions (those accounting for 8–10 percent of expenses) were research, institutional support, and hospitals. At private nonprofit institutions, some of the other larger categories (those accounting for 8-14 percent of expenses) were research, academic support, student services, institutional support, auxiliary enterprises, and hospitals. Expenses for student services and academic and institutional support made up 19 percent of total expenses in public institutions and 30 percent in nonprofit institutions, less than half of the share spent by private for-profit institutions (66 percent).

Total expenses per full-time equivalent (FTE) student were much higher for private nonprofit institutions (\$46,287 in 2009–10) than for public institutions (\$26,697 in 2009–10) and private for-profit institutions

(\$12,683 in 2009–10). Private nonprofit institutions spent more than twice as much per student on instruction (\$15,321) as public institutions (\$7,239). A similar pattern was found for most other expense classifications such as academic support (\$4,175 for nonprofit institutions vs. \$1,791 for public institutions) and institutional support (\$6,270 for nonprofit institutions vs. \$2,152 for public institutions). Expenses per student for public service were an exception to this pattern, with public institutions spending more than nonprofit institutions (\$1,092 vs. \$674). Expenses per student for instruction were more than twice as high in public institutions as in private for-profit institutions (\$7,239 vs. \$3,017), but expenses per student for student services, academic, and institutional support were higher in for-profit institutions (\$8,310) than in public institutions (\$5,190).

Differences were found between expenses at 2- and 4-year institutions in academic year 2009–10. For example, 2-year institutions (for all levels of control) spent a greater share of their budgets on instruction than did their 4-year counterparts (35 vs. 25 percent for public institutions, 34 vs. 33 percent for private nonprofit institutions, and 32 vs. 21 percent for private for-profit institutions) (see table A-43-2). Expenses per FTE student for instruction in 2009-10 were less (in constant 2010-11 dollars) at 2-year institutions than they were in 2004-05, but were slightly higher at 4-year public and 4-year nonprofit institutions (less than 1 percent higher at public institutions and nearly 5 percent higher at nonprofit institutions). Instruction expenses per student in private for-profit 4-year institutions were less in 2009-10 (\$2,692) than in 2004–05 (\$2,978).



Tables A-43-1 and A-43-2

Glossary: Consumer Price Index (CPI), Full-timeequivalent (FTE) enrollment, Private institution, Public institution, Revenues, Tuition

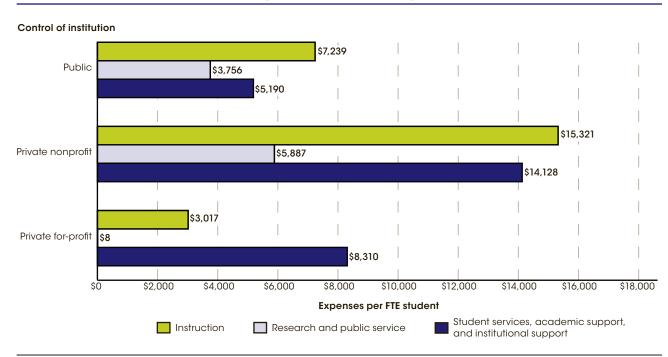
Technical Notes

"Auxiliary" enterprises are essentially self-supporting operations, such as residence halls, that exist to provide a service to students, faculty, or staff, and that charge a fee that is directly related to, although not necessarily equal to, the cost of the service. "Academic support" includes services that directly support an institution's primary missions of instruction, research, or public service. "Institutional support" includes general administrative services, executive direction and planning, legal and fiscal operations, and community relations. "Student services" include expenses associated with admissions, registrar activities, and activities whose primary purpose is to

contribute to students' emotional and physical well-being and to their intellectual, cultural, and social development outside the context of the formal instructional program. FTE students is the full-time student enrollment, plus the full-time equivalent of the part-time students. Data are adjusted by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) to constant 2010-11 dollars. For more information on the CPI, see Appendix C – *Finance*. For more information on the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) and IPEDS classification of institutions, see Appendix B - Guide to Sources.

Expenses per full-time-equivalent student at degree-granting postsecondary institutions, by control of **Figure 43-1.** institution and purpose: Academic year 2009-10

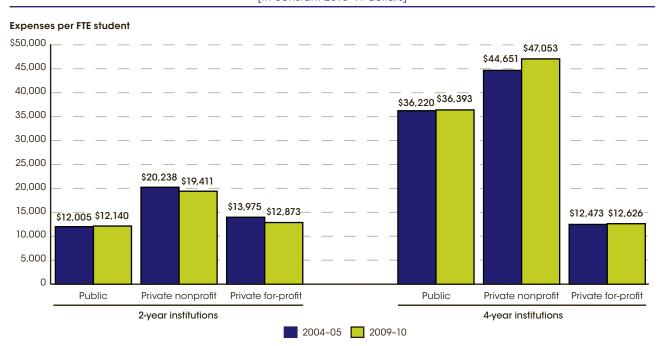
[In constant 2010-11 dollars]



NOTE: Full-time-equivalent (FTE) student includes full-time students plus the full-time equivalent of part-time students. Data are adjusted by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) to constant 2010-11 dollars. For more information on the CPI, see Appendix C - Finance. For more information on the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), see Appendix B - Guide to Sources.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Spring 2010, Enrollment component; and Spring 2011, Finance component.

Figure 43-2. Total expenses per full-time-equivalent student at 2-year and 4-year degree-granting postsecondary institutions, by control of institution: Academic years 2004–05 and 2009–10 [In constant 2010-11 dollars]



NOTE: Full-time-equivalent (FTE) students includes full-time students plus the full-time equivalent of part-time students. Data are adjusted by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) to constant 2010–11 dollars. For more information on the CPI, see Appendix C – Finance. For more information on the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), see Appendix B – Guide to Sources.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Spring 2005

and Spring 2010, Enrollment component; and Spring 2011, Finance component, Spring 2005.

Indicator 43

Postsecondary Expenses

Table A-43-1. Total and per full-time-equivalent student expenses, by control of institution and purpose for degreegranting postsecondary institutions: Academic years 2004–05 and 2009–10

[Numbers in 2010-11 constant dollars] Total expenses Dollars (in millions) Percentage distribution Expenses per FTE student¹ Control of institution and purpose 2004-05 2009-10 2004-05 2009-10 2004-05 Public institutions² Total \$248,811 \$286,996 100.0 100.0 \$26,616 \$26,697 Instruction 68.784 77,818 27.6 27.1 7.358 7.239 Research 26,001 10.5 2.781 28,640 10.0 2.664 Public service 10.932 11,736 4.4 4.1 1,169 1.092 16,440 1,759 1,791 Academic support 19.256 6.6 6.7 1.247 Student services 11,579 13,401 4.7 4.7 1,239 20,126 23,139 8.1 8.1 2,153 2,152 Institutional support Operation and maintenance of plant 6.3 6.4 1,713 15.656 18.413 1.675 11,060 5.1 Depreciation 14,593 4.4 1,183 1,357 3.9 5.5 Scholarships/fellowships³ 9,688 15,744 1,036 1,465 Auxiliary enterprises 19,214 20,866 7.7 7.3 2,055 1,941 Hospitals 23,181 27,208 9.3 9.5 2,480 2.531 Other 16,150 16,181 6.5 5.6 1,728 1,505 Private nonprofit institutions4 Total 127.284 148.045 100.0 100.0 44.358 46,827 Instruction 41,806 48,436 32.8 32.7 14,569 15,321 Research 14,773 16,479 11.6 11.1 5,148 5.212 Public service 2,307 2,132 1.8 1.4 804 674 Academic support 10,771 13,198 8.5 8.9 3,754 4,175 9,445 11.645 7.4 7.9 3.292 3.683 Student services 13.3 16,938 13.4 5.903 6,270 Institutional support 19,822 9.9 4,480 Auxiliary enterprises 12,619 14,165 9.6 4,398 Net grant aid to students 1,233 849 1.0 0.6 430 268 10,585 13,438 8.3 9.1 3,689 4,250 Hospitals Independent operations 4,870 5,258 3.8 3.6 1,697 1,663 1.937 2.625 1.5 1.8 675 830 Other Private for-profit institutions4 10,182 100.0 12,920 12.683 20.373 100.0 Total 23.8 3.017 Instruction 2,668 4.846 26.2 3.385 Research and public service 9 0.1 0.1 14 11 Student services, academic and institutional support 13,349 64.5 65.5 8,329 8,310 6,564

311

63

567

475

123

1,567

3.1

0.6

5.6

2.3

0.6

7.7

395

80

719

296

76

976

Auxiliary enterprises

Other

Net grant aid to students

¹ Full-time-equivalent (FTE) students includes full-time students plus the full-time equivalent of part-time students.

² For 2009-10 data, all expenses reported by institutions for operations and maintenance, depreciation, and interest have been aggregated into the general categories of operations and maintenance, depreciation, and interest, even in cases where a particular expense was originally disaggregated into a purpose category. Interest expenses are included in other expenses

³ Excludes discounts and allowances. In 2009-10, approximately 57 percent of the total scholarships were reported under discounts and allowances. Scholarships and fellowships are reported in other expenses for private institutions.

⁴ Operations and maintenance, depreciation, and interest expenses are distributed among appropriate categories.

NOTE: Data are collected on different surveys within the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System for each sector. Private institutions report fewer data items than public institutions, and private for-profit institutions report fewer data items than private nonprofit institutions. Data are adjusted by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) to constant 2010-11 dollars. For more information on the CPI, see Appendix C - Finance. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For more information on IPEDS, see Appendix B - Guide to Sources.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, Spring 2005 and Spring 2010, Enrollment component; and Spring 2006 and Spring 2011, Finance component.

This indicator continues on page 274.

Indicator 43 Postsecondary Expenses

Total and per full-time-equivalent student expenses, by level and control of institution and purpose for Table A-43-2. degree-granting postsecondary institutions: Academic years 2004–05 and 2009–10

[Numbers in 2010-11 constant dollars] Percentage distribution of total expenses Total expenses (in millions) 2-year institutions 2-year institutions 4-year institutions 4-year institutions 2004-05 2009-10 2004-05 2009-10 2004-05 2009-10 2004-05 2009-10 Control of institution and purpose Public institutions² \$44.509 98.1 100.0 Total \$52,175 \$204.302 \$234.820 100.0 100.0 17.245 18,385 51,539 59,433 38.7 35.2 25.2 25.3 Instruction 25 25,976 28,618 0.1 12.7 12.2 Research 21 Public service 764 769 10,168 10,968 1.7 1.5 5.0 4.7 Academic support 3.276 3.594 13,164 15,662 7.4 6.9 6.4 6.7 9.2 Student services 4,112 4,470 7,466 8,930 8.6 3.7 3.8 6,115 14.011 6.9 Institutional support 6.464 16.676 13.7 12.4 7.1 5.9 3.794 11,861 13,949 8.5 5.8 Operation and maintenance of plant 4.464 8.6 2,035 9,382 12,558 3.8 Depreciation 1,679 3.9 4.6 5.3 Scholarships/fellowships³ 3,400 6,470 6,288 9,274 7.6 12.4 3.1 3.9 2,388 2.383 16,826 18,483 5.4 8.2 7.9 Auxiliary enterprises 4.6 Hospitals 0 0 23,181 27,208 0.0 0.0 11.3 11.6 Other 1,710 3,122 14,440 13,059 3.8 4.1 7.1 5.6 Private nonprofit institutions 697 500 100.0 100.0 100.0 126,588 147,544 100.0 Total 239 Instruction 169 41,567 48.267 34.3 33.7 32.8 32.7 Research 1 1 14,773 16,478 0.1 0.1 11.7 11.2 8 5 Public service 2,299 2,126 1.1 1.0 1.8 1.4 40 44 10.732 13,155 5.7 8.7 8.5 8.9 Academic support 104 71 11,574 15.0 14.1 7.4 9.341 7.8 Student services 201 138 16,737 19,684 28.8 27.6 13.2 13.3 Institutional support 35 14,130 Auxiliary enterprises 52 12,567 7.4 7.0 9.9 9.6 Net grant aid to students 21 7 1,212 841 3.0 1.5 1.0 0.6 Hospitals 0 0 10,585 13,438 0.0 0.0 8.4 9.1 Independent operations 0 0 4.870 5.258 0.0 0.0 3.8 3.6 32 31 4.5 Other 1,905 2,593 6.2 1.5 1.8 Private for-profit institutions 4,781 3,276 6,906 15,592 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 Total Instruction 1,019 1,521 1,649 3,325 31.1 31.8 23.9 21.3 Research and public service 5 3 4 11 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 Student services, academic and 10,799 institutional support 1,825 2,549 4,739 55.7 53.3 68.6 69.3 104 131 208 3.2 2.7 3.0 2.2 Auxiliary enterprises 344 0.6 19 49 45 74 1.0 0.6 0.5 Net grant aid to students 305 528 262 1,039 9.3 11.0 3.8 6.7

See notes at end of table

Total and per full-time-equivalent student expenses, by level and control of institution and purpose for Table A-43-2. degree-granting postsecondary institutions: Academic years 2004-05 and 2009-10—Continued

[Numbers in 2010-11 constant dollars]

	Expenses per FTE student ¹			
	2-year institutions		4-year institutions	
Control of institution and purpose	2004-05	2009-10	2004-05	2009-10
Public institutions ²				
Total	\$12,005	\$12,140	\$36,220	\$36,393
Instruction	4,652	4,278	9,137	9,211
Research	7	5	4,605	4,435
Public service	206	179	1,803	1,700
Academic support	884	836	2,334	2,427
Student services	1,109	1,040	1,324	1,384
Institutional support	1,649	1,504	2,484	2,584
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,023	1,039	2,103	2,162
Depreciation	453	473	1,663	1,946
Scholarships/fellowships ³	917	1,505	1,115	1,437
Auxiliary enterprises	644	554	2,983	2,865
Hospitals	0	0	4,110	4,217
Other	461	726	2,560	2,024
Private nonprofit institutions				
Total	20,238	19,411	44,651	47,053
Instruction	6,944	6,549	14,662	15,393
Research	18	23	5,211	5,255
Public service	223	199	811	678
Academic support	1,154	1,698	3,785	4,195
Student services	3,031	2,735	3,295	3,691
Institutional support	5,831	5,355	5,904	6,277
Auxiliary enterprises	1,503	1,361	4,433	4,506
Net grant aid to students	615	284	428	268
Hospitals	0	0	3,734	4,285
Independent operations	0	0	1,718	1,677
Other	918	1,207	672	827
Private for-profit institutions				
Total	13,975	12,873	12,473	12,626
Instruction	4,347	4,095	2,978	2,692
Research and public service	20	7	7	9
Student services, academic and institutional support	7,785	6,864	8,560	8,745
Auxiliary enterprises	442	353	375	279
Net grant aid to students	80	132	80	60
Other	1,301	1,422	472	841

Spring 2010, Enrollment component; and Spring 2006 and Spring 2011, Finance component.

¹ Full-time-equivalent (FTE) students includes full-time students plus the full-time equivalent of part-time students.

² For 2009–10 data, all expenses reported by institutions for operations and maintenance, depreciation, and interest have been aggregated into the general categories of operations and maintenance, depreciation, and interest, even in cases where a particular expense was originally

disaggregated into a purpose category. Interest expenses are included in other expenses.

3 Excludes discounts and allowances. In 2009–10, approximately 57 percent of the total scholarships were reported under discounts and allowances. NOTE: Data are collected on different surveys within the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) for each sector. Private institutions report fewer data items than public institutions, and private for-profit institutions report fewer data items than private nonprofit institutions. Data are adjusted by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) to constant 2010–11 dollars. For more information on the CPI, see Appendix C – Finance. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For more information on IPEDS, see Appendix B – Guide to Sources.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, Spring 2005 and